## Maths – Lower Key Stage Two Progressive statements

Year Group	Number and Place Value	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division	Fractions	Measures	Geometry properties of shapes	Data
Year 3	I can count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; finding 10 or 100 more or less than a given number  I can recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)  I can compare and order numbers up to 1000  I can identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations  I can read and write numbers to at least 1000 in numerals and in words  I can solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	I can add and subtract numbers mentally including: a three-digit number and ones, a three-digit number and tens, a three-digit number and hundreds  I can add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using the efficient written methods of columnar addition and subtraction  I can estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers  I can solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	I can recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables  I can write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to efficient written methods  I can solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	I can count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10  I can recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators  I can recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators  I can recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators  I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7)  I can compare and order unit fractions with the same denominator  I can solve problems that involve all of the above	I can measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (I/mI)  I can measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes  I can add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts  I can tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks  I can estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight  I can know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year  I can compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks	I can draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations; and describe them with increasing accuracy  I can recognise angles as a property of shape and associate angles with turning  I can identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle  I can identify horizontal, vertical, perpendicular and parallel lines in relation to other lines	I can interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables  I can solve one-step and two-step questions such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.

	Maths – Lower Key Stage Two								
Progressive statements									
Year Group	Number and Place Value and Rounding	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division	Fractions	Decimals	Measures	Geometry properties of shapes	Geometry – position, direction and motion	Data
Year 4	I can count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000  I can find 1000 more or less than a given number  I can count backwards through zero to include negative numbers  I can recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)  I can order and compare numbers beyond 1000  I can identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations  I can round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000  I can solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers  I can read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and understand how, over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of tars and local walks.	I can add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the efficient written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate  I can estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation  I can solve addition and subtraction twostep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	I can recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12  I can use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers  I can recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations  I can multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout  I can solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law and harder multiplication problems such as which n objects are connected to m objects.	I can count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by a hundred and dividing tenths by ten I can solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number I can identify, name and write equivalent fraction, including tenths and hundredths I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator I can	I can recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths  I can recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4; 1/2; 3/4  I can find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as units, tenths and hundredths  I can round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number  I can compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places  I can solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	I can convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute)  I can measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres  I can estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence  I can find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting  I can read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks  I can solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days	I can compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes  I can identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size  I can identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations I can complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	I can describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant  I can describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down  I can plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon	I can interpret and present discrete data using bar charts and continuous data using line graphs I can solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and simple line graphs

zero and place value.